

DUN'S REPORT.

A Steady Enlargement in Domestic Trade.

The Cold Snap Fortunately Did But Little Damage to the Crops.

Demand for Manufactured Products Increases—Wages Advanced in Some Lines, But Wool Manufacturers Hindered by Strikes.

NEW YORK, May 18.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade Saturday says: "The severe cold snap, with extensive frosts, and in some states snow, has fortunately done little damage to the great crops, though much to fruit, has considerably retarded retail trade. The best news of the week is the advance of ten per cent. in wages by the Carnegie works, followed by the Jones-McLaughlin establishment, and evidently implying a similar advance by many other concerns. The Illinois Steel Co. is starting its furnaces without granting the demands of employees. No advance has been found practicable in the woolen mills, where conditions as to prices and foreign competition are very different, and about 10,000 workmen are still idle at Olneyville, where the works should produce 600,000 pounds per week.

"In other departments of labor troubles are not serious, and the demand for manufactured products increases. The volume of domestic business measured by railroad earnings for the first week of May is 4.6 per cent. larger than last year, and measured by bank exchanges outside New York is only 11 per cent. larger than last year, and for the month the daily average is 11 per cent. less than in 1903. It is but fair to note that business broke down, and exchanges fell below the normal average about this time two years ago.

"With material and steady enlargement in domestic trade, there is still great want of employment in the interior for money which comes hither (\$3,500,000 during the past week), and which, with the millions distributed by the syndicate on bond account, stimulates speculation. Accordingly, wheat has risen five cents, although the reports of injury by frost do not appear, upon sifting, to concern any considerable proportion of the growing grain. Western receipts for two weeks of May have been 2,917,305 bushels, against 2,600,298 bushels, and Atlantic exports 3,509,484 bushels, against 3,551,101 last year, being reduced by the advance in price less than would be expected because of generally current reports of decrease in acreage. With only six weeks of crop year left, the stocks in sight indicate a heavy surplus, as large as some western statisticians estimate.

"Cotton is 1/8c stronger, in spite of the fact that 9,461,081 bales have come into sight last Friday, which is over 400,000 bales more than the largest crop ever recorded.

"Sales of wool continue remarkably heavy for the past week at the three chief markets, 5,536,750 pounds, and for two weeks of May, 11,059,750 pounds, against 11,767,750 pounds in the same week of 1902, the last year of full demand.

"Foreign trade for the week shows a heavy decrease, 36 per cent., compared with last year in exports, and the decrease in May thus far is about 26 per cent. On the other hand the imports for May increase less than 2 per cent. In consequence the government revenue has materially decreased, the excess of expenditures over receipts for the month thus far being \$5,552,677.

"Commercial failures for the week ended May 9 show liabilities of \$3,009,372, of which \$1,006,696 were of manufacturing and \$2,002,676 of trading concerns. For the corresponding week last year the liabilities were \$1,927,338, of which only \$432,606 were of manufacturing and \$1,494,732 of trading concerns. In the five weeks ended May 2 the aggregate of liabilities was \$11,070,479, against \$14,758,507 for the same week last year.

"Failures during the past week have been 311 in the United States, against 219 last year, and 37 in Canada, against 24 last year.

Points for Prisoners.

OMAHA, May 18.—Judge Scott, in the criminal section of the district court, Friday made a ruling which is exciting much criticism among lawyers. It is to the effect that the confession of a prisoner to police officers after his arrest will not be admitted as evidence in his court. The immediate effect of this ruling will be to practically set free about thirty prisoners who have made confessions after their arrest. The reason for the judge's decision is that many of such confessions are obtained under duress, and in the excited condition of the prisoner his statements are not competent.

Prof. Swing's Burial Place.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Judge Kohlsaat decided Friday morning that he had no jurisdiction to enter an order regarding the disposition of the remains of the late Prof. Swing. The judge says the question is one for the children of the deceased to decide, as Prof. Swing had not since 1880 expressed a preference for any burying place.

A Flood in Holland.

AMSTERDAM, May 18.—A fierce gale is sweeping the country, doing great damage to property. All of the country in the vicinity of the Zwart Water is submerged and the river Yssel is flooding the lands around Kampen. Communication across the Zuider Zee to Amsterdam is wholly suspended.

Binetalle Conference Called.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 18.—A call for a national conference of the friends of silver was promulgated by the Central Binetalle league of Tennessee Friday. The conference is to meet June 12 and 13. The ablest champions of binetallism will be present and address the convention.

TARIFF, NOT SILVER,

Will Be the Great Issue, Says Senator Cullom—Senator Gallinger's Prognostications.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 18.—United States Senator Cullom, of Illinois, in an interview Friday, says he is in no sense a candidate for the presidency, but admitted that he would accept it if it were offered him. He expressed himself as believing that the tariff question and not the money question would be the leading issue of the national election. Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, who arrived here Thursday night, was interviewed on presidential possibilities. He favors Reed, but thinks McKinley will be nominated. If the Allison and McKinley forces are so evenly divided as to prevent the nomination of either, a dark horse, probably Senator Cullom, will be nominated. Senator Gallinger says that he considers Harrison out of the race. Senator Gallinger is on the coast for pleasure, and will visit Alaska before returning East.

NECK BROKEN.

Notwithstanding He is on a Fair Way to Recover.

SANATOGA, May 18.—James Fox, of J. H. Bosworth post, G. A. R., of Fair Haven, Vt., who fell about 40 feet down a stairway in the Columbian hotel, is in a fair way to complete recovery. His case is a remarkable one. When picked up he was apparently dead and Coroner M. E. Varney, who is also a surgeon, was sent for. He resorted at once to artificial respiration, and soon Fox began to breathe. Dr. Varney sent for Drs. Inlay and Moriarty to aid him, and on their arrival made a full examination of the patient. His neck was found to be dislocated at the second cervical vertebra. By a careful surgical manipulation the column was replaced and bandaged, without injury to the spinal cord, and Mr. Fox at once regained the power of speech and full respiration.

DISPENSARY LAW.

The Case Now Goes to the United States Supreme Court on Habeas Corpus Proceedings.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 18.—The dispensary law is now on its way to the United States supreme court. A few days ago Constable Beach disobeyed the order of injunction in the case, he having held that no one could interfere with liquor shipped into the state—that the law was unconstitutional in so far as it interfered with interstate commerce. Beach was arrested and put in jail for contempt. Atty. Gen. Barber left here Wednesday for Washington to make application before the United States supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus. The state expects by this method to get the entire case heard by the United States supreme court in the next twenty days.

Mike King Executed.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 18.—Mike L. King was executed at Huntsville, Scott county, Friday afternoon for the murder of Aaron Beck, a farmer, on the 23d of December last. King was staying all night at Beck's house and shot him while he was asleep and threw the body in an old mill. The motive was robbery. He secured \$200 of Beck's money.

To Attend the Hard Money Convention.

VICKSBURG, Miss., May 18.—About 50 representatives, bankers and business men of the city, met Friday and arranged to send a large delegation to the Memphis hard money convention. A subscription was raised to defray the expense of a delegation of workmen, yet to be appointed. The meeting was an enthusiastic one.

Live Stock Show at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 18.—The directors of the Cotton States exposition have decided to include in their program a live stock show. The show will close with successive exhibits of horses, mules, cattle, sheep, swine and other live stock. Only registered animals will be admitted.

Tichborne Claimant Confesses.

LONDON, May 18.—The People publishes a sensational statement by the Tichborne claimant, which is a virtual confession of his remarkable fraudulent attempts a dozen years ago to obtain the great Tichborne estates and title. He admits that he is Arthur Orton, the son of a butcher of Wapping.

Railway Conductors' Convention.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 18.—The order of railway conductors have selected Los Angeles, Cal., as the next place for holding their convention. Denver, Dallas and Quebec made a fight for it. The convention was tendered a reception by the Railway Young Men's Christian association here.

Those Big Shells.

SANDY HOOK, N. Y., May 18.—The last lot of twelve-inch deck-piercing shells, furnished by the Midvale Steel Co., of Philadelphia, were tested Friday afternoon at the proving ground. The army officers express themselves entirely satisfied.

The Jury Disagreed.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., May 18.—A hung jury was the result of the trial in the case of W. L. Steakley, at Cleveland, Tenn., for the murder, in May, 1904, of Dr. A. P. Griffith.

Dies Eight Hours After Marriage.

NEWBURN, N. Y., May 18.—Edward Payson Pitcher, principal of a school in New York city, died suddenly eight hours after his marriage, of organic heart trouble.

Heavy Frost.

NORFOLK, Ind., May 18.—Friday morning the temperature was down to twenty-eight. The earth was white with frost and the leaves of the trees were frozen black.

Cold Weather in England.

LONDON, May 18.—Cold weather, accompanied by snow, is reported from various parts of England and from the continent.

More Troops for Cuba.

MADRID, May 18.—The government is making preparations to send 1,500 cavalry to Cuba at once.

SEMINARIES.

The Presbyterian Assembly Hears the Committee's Report.

Four Recommendations Are Made Which Will Be Discussed

And Decided as a Special Order—Lane Seminary Is Considered—The Employment of More Teachers Is Recommended—Talk on Sabbath Observance.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 18.—The general assembly of the Presbyterian church opened Friday's session with divine service, and the first business meeting was largely attended in anticipation of the report of the committee on control of seminaries, which is one of the principal subjects to come before the assembly.

When the report of the committee on seminary control was announced every commissioner was in his seat, and there was great interest manifested, as no one was given an idea before hand as to the nature of the report. The report was read by the stated clerk and makes the following recommendations:

1. That it is the sense of this assembly that the assembly of 1894 did not intend to prepare the way for any change in the tenure or management of the property of the seminaries, or to do anything which can affect the autonomy of the seminaries, and that the said recommendations were intended to have the meaning and effect as recited in this committee's report. This assembly, in reaffirming the resolution of the assembly of 1894, does so with the avowed purpose of leaving the tenure and title to all property of the seminaries exactly where they are now—in the hands of the various boards of trustees—and with the further purpose of securing the veto power to the assembly as an effective force, by charter provision, and of safeguarding by charter declaration the trusts held and to be held by boards of trustees against perversion or misuse.

2. That the general assembly reaffirms the action of the assembly of 1894, and declares that in its judgment the effort should be continued to secure the adoption, in substance, of the assembly's plan by all the seminaries.

3. That a committee be appointed to have further charge of this matter, and to make report to the next general assembly.

The committee further recommends the assembly to reply to Princeton's offer, that while respecting the judgment of the boards and not prepared to say that it is incorrect, the assembly is of the opinion that in order to put the matter beyond all possible question it would be well for the boards to do what they express their willingness to do, viz: To endeavor to secure such action as will insure to the general assembly the right to be represented in the courts, and to enforce its proper control over the seminary and its property.

These resolutions on request of Chairman Young, were made the special order for 3:30 o'clock Friday afternoon.

OATS—Sales: No. 2 mixed, track at 31c; No. 2 white, track at 31c; No. 2 light color, at 31c; No. 3 do 30c; rejected mixed, track at 29c.

CATTLE—Heavy steers, fair to good, \$4.75 to \$5.00; choice, \$5.00 to \$5.25; butchers, good to choice, \$4.50 to \$4.75; extra, \$4.75 to \$5.00; fair to medium, \$4.10 to \$4.35; common to ordinary, \$3.75 to \$4.00; Hefers: Good to choice, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to medium, \$3.75 to \$4.00.

HOGS—Choice packers and prime butchers, \$4.50 to \$4.75; mixed packers, \$4.25 to \$4.50; common and rough, \$4.00 to \$4.25; light shippers and good fair pigs, \$4.00 to \$4.25; common to fair pigs, \$3.75 to \$4.00.

CALVES—Common and large, \$3.25 to \$3.50; fair to good, \$3.50 to \$3.75; extra, \$3.75 to \$4.00; SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep: Best ewes and wethers, \$4.00 to \$4.25; good to choice, \$3.75 to \$4.00; common to fair, \$3.50 to \$3.75; thin stuff, \$3.25 to \$3.50; Lambs: Extra, \$4.00 to \$4.25; good to choice, \$3.75 to \$4.00; common to fair, \$3.50 to \$3.75; spring lambs, \$3.25 to \$3.50.

WOOL—Unwashed: Fine merino, per lb., \$3.50; quarter blood clothing, 1 1/2 to 2; medium and coarse, 1 1/2 to 2; medium combing, 1 1/2 to 2; Fine merino, X to XX, per lb., 10c to 12c; medium clothing, 14c to 16c; dolaine fleece, 12c to 14c; long combing, 17c to 19c; quarter blood and low, 13c to 15c; common coarse, 15c to 17c; tub-washed, choice, 20c to 22c; tub-washed, average, 17c to 19c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

CONDENSED NEWS

Gathered From All Parts of the Country by Telegraph.

The Siletts Indian reservation, in Oregon, will be opened July 25 next.

Arthur M. Wellington, editor of the Engineering News, died in New York. At Rusk, Tex., J. C. King was sentenced to be hanged on July 2. King was convicted of the murder of Dr. Drewey.

Adam Wilson Kelly, one of the most prominent capitalists, died at Wheeling, W. Va.

William Alex. Stephen Douglas-Hamilton, twelfth duke of Hamilton, died in Algiers.

The troops stationed at Shang Hai Kwan openly revolted May 16, and looted the city. The people are fleeing.

The grain elevator at Elkhart, Ill., belonging to Arthur Armstrong, of Lincoln, was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$25,000.

Berlin semi-official newspapers deny that any of the ministers have offered to resign, or have any intention of doing so.

Hon. H. C. Burleigh died at his home in Vassalboro, Me. He was one of the most extensive breeders of blooded cattle in New England.

The Spanish steamer Gravina, bound from Antwerp for Lisbon, was lost off Capones during a typhoon and only two of those on board were saved.

John Evans, 15 years old, was covered with a shower of molten metal and horribly roasted while at work at the galvanizing works at Niles, O.

The breaker of the Enterprise Coal Co., Shamokin, Pa., was destroyed by fire, Loss, \$60,000. About 500 men and boys are thrown out of employment.

Whitlaw Reid paid visits to President Faure and Mad. Carnot, with both of whom he had long chats. Mr. Reid will sail for Southampton for New York on June 1.

The oil market opened on both Pittsburg and Oil City exchanges Friday morning at \$1.70 bid. The Standard Oil Co.'s purchase price at agencies remains unchanged at \$1.65.

The Brussels correspondent of the London Standard telegraphs that by command of the emperor the Chinese admiralty was dissolved March 24, owing to the abject fear of its officials and a deficit of over \$5,000,000.

The Windfall Green Glass factory, at Elwood, Ind., employing one hundred hands in the manufacture of fruit jars, has been sold to the Lythgoe Bros., leading tradesmen of Summitville, and will be placed in operation in a few days, as soon as the pots and furnaces can be repaired.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, May 17. FLOUR—Winter patent quotable at \$3.50 to \$3.75; do fancy, \$3.50 to \$3.75; do family, \$2.50 to \$2.75; do extra, \$2.40 to \$2.60; low grades, \$2.10 to \$2.30; spring patent, \$3.80 to \$4.10; spring family, \$2.80 to \$3.10; spring family, \$2.60 to \$2.80; rye flour (northwestern), \$3.20 to \$3.50; do city, \$3.25 to \$3.50 per bbl.

WHEAT—The receipts continue very light, and with favorable advices from speculative points, and heavy advances in other markets, prices are considerably higher.

CATTLE—Heavy steers, fair to good, \$4.75 to \$5.00; choice, \$5.00 to \$5.25; butchers, good to choice, \$4.50 to \$4.75; extra, \$4.75 to \$5.00; fair to medium, \$4.10 to \$4.35; common to ordinary, \$3.75 to \$4.00; Hefers: Good to choice, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to medium, \$3.75 to \$4.00.

HOGS—Choice packers and prime butchers, \$4.50 to \$4.75; mixed packers, \$4.25 to \$4.50; common and rough, \$4.00 to \$4.25; light shippers and good fair pigs, \$4.00 to \$4.25; common to fair pigs, \$3.75 to \$4.00.

CALVES—Common and large, \$3.25 to \$3.50; fair to good, \$3.50 to \$3.75; extra, \$3.75 to \$4.00; SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep: Best ewes and wethers, \$4.00 to \$4.25; good to choice, \$3.75 to \$4.00; common to fair, \$3.50 to \$3.75; thin stuff, \$3.25 to \$3.50; Lambs: Extra, \$4.00 to \$4.25; good to choice, \$3.75 to \$4.00; common to fair, \$3.50 to \$3.75; spring lambs, \$3.25 to \$3.50.

WOOL—Unwashed: Fine merino, per lb., \$3.50; quarter blood clothing, 1 1/2 to 2; medium and coarse, 1 1/2 to 2; medium combing, 1 1/2 to 2; Fine merino, X to XX, per lb., 10c to 12c; medium clothing, 14c to 16c; dolaine fleece, 12c to 14c; long combing, 17c to 19c; quarter blood and low, 13c to 15c; common coarse, 15c to 17c; tub-washed, choice, 20c to 22c; tub-washed, average, 17c to 19c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; OATS—No. 2 white western, 37c to 38c; No. 2 mixed western, 35c to 36c; RYE—No. 2, 68c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and May, 71c to 72c; June, 71c to 72c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; CORN—Mixed spot and month, 56c to 57c; June and July, 56c to 57c; August, 56c to 57c; O